

## Final Test

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_ Name \_\_\_\_\_ Score \_\_\_\_\_

<1-5> Write the correct word for each sentence.

concept	aromatic	enabled	serve	impact
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1. Presidents \_\_\_\_\_ their country for a period of five years in Korea.
2. This herb is known for its \_\_\_\_\_ quality.
3. Examples can help you understand a difficult \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Her speech made a huge \_\_\_\_\_ on everyone.
5. The donation \_\_\_\_\_ us to continue running our small organization.

<6-10> Circle the correct answers.

6. A good friend can ( bring / bring out ) the best in you.
7. The boy ( buyed / bought ) the pepper at the local mart.
8. That successful record ( produce / producer ) makes millions of dollars a year.
9. Little kids should not be left at home ( unsupervised / supervised ).
10. Do you like ( swimming / swim )?

<11-14> Read the passage below and answer the questions.

In 2010, 74% of all students in South Korea went to private school or after-school academies. The average cost of private schooling was around \$2,600 per student for the year. There are more private **teachers** in South Korea than there are schoolteachers, and the most popular ones make millions of dollars a year from online and in-person classes. In Seoul, students who fail to get into top universities spend the entire year after high school attending private academies to improve their university entrance exam scores. And they must compete for this as well. To get into some academies, you have to take an exam and get a high score. After a year of 14-hour \_\_\_\_\_, about 70% get into Korea's top three universities. The problem is not that South Korean kids are not learning enough or working hard enough, it is that they are finding it hard to be efficient. Because of a general lack of time, a third of students sleep during class. This is so they can stay up late studying. There have been attempts to change the education system. However, it is surely going to be a long journey.

11. What is the main idea of this passage?

- a. Teachers in South Korea make a lot of money.
- b. Schooling in South Korea is very expensive.
- c. The South Korean educational system needs change.
- d. South Korea has few universities.

12. Which best fits in the blank?

- a. days
- b. about
- c. because
- d. hours

13. According to the passage, who spends 14 hours a day in classes?

- a. teachers in South Korea
- b. students in Canada
- c. teachers from Canada
- d. students in South Korea

14. Which could replace the bolded word above?

- a. instructors
- b. countries
- c. companies
- d. offline

<15-16> Read the passage below and answer the questions.

Oil shock refers to when oil-supplying countries push for a sudden increase of petroleum prices, and oil-importing countries suffer serious consequences. There is another kind of oil shock: oil leaks. There have been many incidents in the past where oil tankers carrying large amounts of petroleum leaked their oil into the ocean. Most of the incidents are accidents, where an oil tanker might hit a reef or another ship in the water. As a result, dark, crude oil covers the surface of the ocean and pollutes it. This kills sea creatures and \_\_\_\_\_ their habitat. An oil leak sometimes happens by a coast and threatens people's lives. Experts say an oil leak is a big tragedy that can be easily prevented.

15. Which best fits in the blank?

- a. environment
- b. destroys
- c. cause
- d. fish

16. If we are more careful, \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. oil-importing countries will suffer consequences
- b. petroleum can leak into the world's oceans
- c. an oil tanker might hit a reef
- d. it is possible to prevent oil leaks